Brewing with all ngredients

WWW.PILOTMALTIN PHONE: (616)209.9 SALES@PILOTMALTIN

CUSTOMER: _ GROWER: _ VARIETY: _ BATCH #: _

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WWW.PILOTMALTHOUSE PHONE: (616)209-8356 SALES@PILOTMALTHOUSE of

CUSTOMER: ABO

Brian Tennis, Michigan Hop Alliance Erik May, Pilot Malt House

Introduction & Overview

- Who is growing hops/barley and where?
- Local Hop Farming
- Craft Malting
- What do the brewers think?
- Future of local ingredients sourcing
- Yeast and other ingredients
- Q&A





What does "locally sourced" mean?

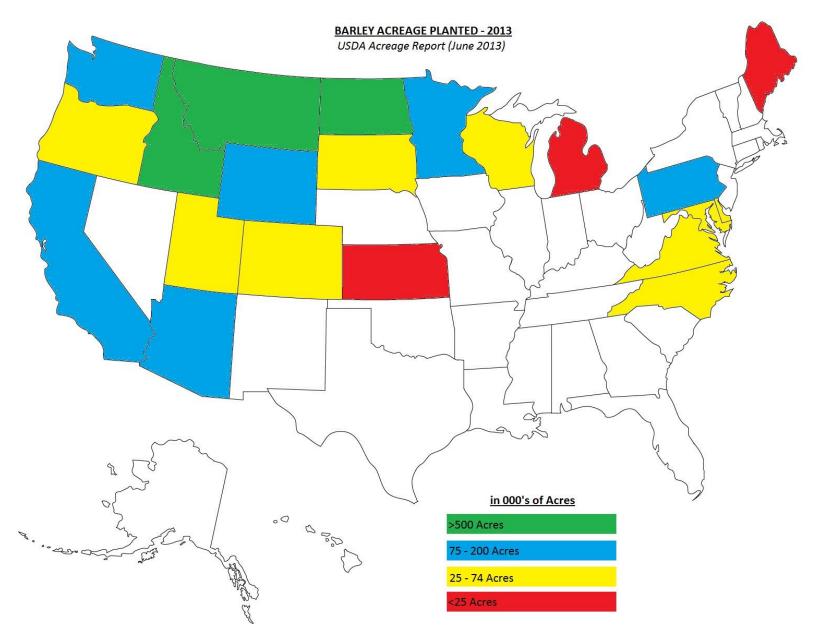
- Raw materials are grown within your region

 What does region mean? Varies by location.
- Harvested, processed packaged by a locally owned company
- Non-industrial in scope

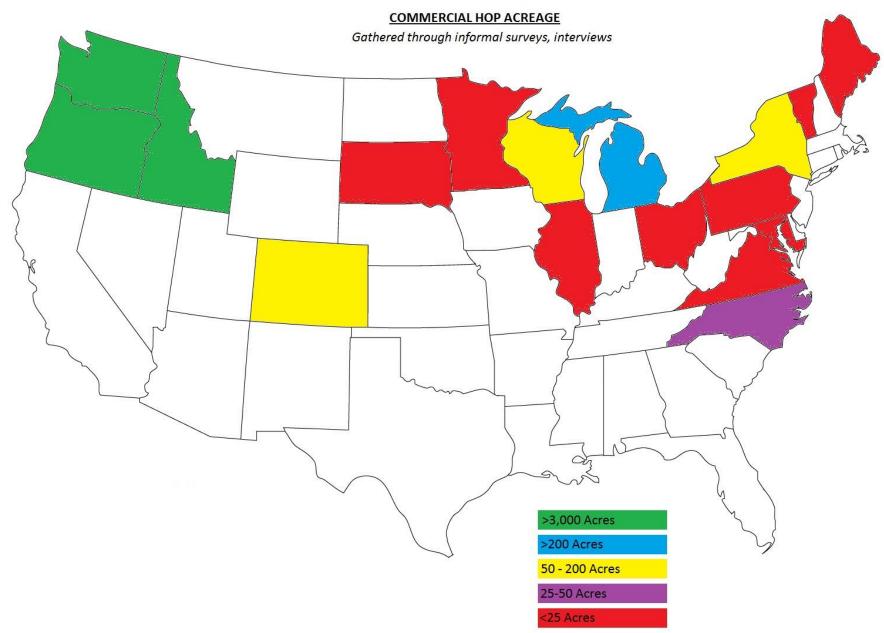




Where is barley growing?



Who is growing hops commercially?







Hop Growers Survey

Conducted in Spring 2014

- 10 question survey
- 78 growers responded
- Conducted with the assistance of several growers associations and co-op's





Acreage and Age of Farm

States	# Farms	2014 Acreage	Avg Acreage	Avg Age of Farm
MI	19	206.1	10.85	2.22
СО	6	31.0	5.17	4.00
NY	9	14.5	1.61	2.00
NC	13	10.0	0.77	2.31
ME	2	9.5	4.75	4.00
VA	13	6.5	0.50	1.00
WI	2	6.3	3.15	3.00
MN	7	3.3	0.46	0.71
PA	2	2.3	1.13	2.00
MD	2	1.3	0.67	2.00
ОН	1	1.0	1.00	6.00
	78	298.0		2.17





41 different varieties identified

- Cascade 87%
- Chinook 49%
- Nugget 47%
- Centennial 36%
- CTZ 29%
- Willamette 22%
- Mt Hood 10%





State-





- Other Notable varieties
 - Proprietary (4 growers)
 - Pacific Gem (Native to New Zealand)
 - AlphAroma (aka Rakau, also native to NZ)
 - Sorachi Ace
 - Tahoma (new USDA release)
 - Columbia (reintroduced in 2011)
 - Neo 1 (Neomexicanus)





Alliances, Co-op's, Associations, etc

- Northeast Hop Alliance 14
- Old Dominion Hop Co-op 13
- Michigan Hop Alliance 7
- Minnesota Hop Growers Association 6
- Southern Appalachian Hops Guild 3
- Wisconsin Hop Exchange 2

• No affiliation – 26





Farm Size

Size of Farm	# of Farms	%	Total Acreage	%
< 0.25	7	9.0%		0.0%
0.25 to 0.5	22	28.2%	8.81	2.9%
0.51 to 0.99	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
1 to 2.99	30	38.5%	41.3	13.6%
3 to 4.99	4	5.1%	15	4.9%
5 to 9.99	9	11.5%	54	17.8%
10 to 19.99	4	5.1%	40.6	13.4%
>20	2	2.6%	144	47.4%

For Comparison: Average Yakima Valley farm = 450 Acres



Growing Organic



	Now	Plan to in the Future
Yes	10	6
No	68	59







Pellets, Cones or Both?

	Alliance/Co-Op	Independent	Total
Whole Cone/Leaf	32	16	48
Both Whole Cone/Leaf and Pellet	18	10	28
Pellet	1	0	1





Low Trellis grown Summit Hops at New Mission Organics Hopyard in Omena, MI



- A farmer owned collective of growers
- Growers, processors, marketers
- Focus on sustainable growing and high quality
- Both certified organic and conventional growers
- First commercial acreage in Michigan in close to 100 years



"We may be small, but our cones are big."

New Mission Organics

- 30 acre Certified Organic farm in Omena, MI 1st and largest certified organic hopyard in MI
- Growing 10 acres of hops for the 2014 harvest
- 7 varieties: Brewers Gold, Cascade, Centennial Chinook, CTZ, Pacific Gem, Summit[™]
- Only farm outside of the Pacific Northwest using a low trellis growing system (Summit[™])









The state of the s





Startup Challenges

- High startup cost 10-12K per acre, plus the equipment, barn, well, etc
- Sourcing inputs, rhizomes or plants, poles, etc.
- Plants in MI take 2 years for maturity, 3 if you use rhizomes
- Proving quality and consistency of supply, taste profile





Hopyard Construction



- V=V.

Challenges for a Small Grower

- Learning curve!
- Labor. Can't teach passion
- Equipment \$\$\$ Picker, oast, mill, pellet, sealer
- Challenges of packaging. Industry standards
- Challenges in making sure quality assurance is high. Testing at every point
- Capital constraints = Wasn't a proven model





Why Source Locally Grown Hops?

- Not knocking the big boys
- Freshness
- Wet Hops
- Availability: we have product
- Buy local movement!
- Contracts: long term or short
- Brewer needs: what they want, exclusives
- Personal level connection







- Michigan hops taste different even by region
- Different soil, different climate
- Several varieties we are trialing, NZ, Japan, Poland, Germany, Kazi







Hops – Other Notables

- Unique varieties unique to specific regions
 - Michigan Landrace varietals
 - 16 20 different varieties
 - Several currently in trials, a few already released
 - Flavor/aroma range from noble-like to tropical fruit
 - New trials in process crossing these landrace varieties with existing hops. Potential for something completely new!
 - New York
 - Heirloom Cluster
 - Neomexicanus
 - Native to New Mexico and Southern Colorado



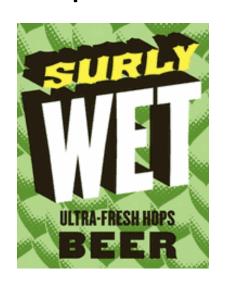


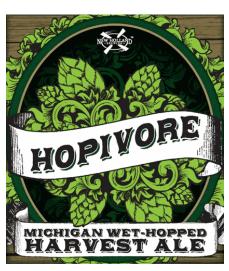


Great Lakes Hops, Zeeland, MI

Wet Hops

- Large opportunity for local growers
- Perfect for very small farmers (<1 acre)
- Shorter transit time from vine to kettle
- Creates opportunities for small brewers when a wet hop beer may not have been prior









Craft Malt

Riverbend Malt House, Asheville, NC



What is Craft Malt?

- Malt made with more than 50% locally sourced grains
- No chemical additives during processing
- Made by a Craft Malthouse
 - Up to 10,000 tons per year
 - Independently owned







Craft Malting Overview

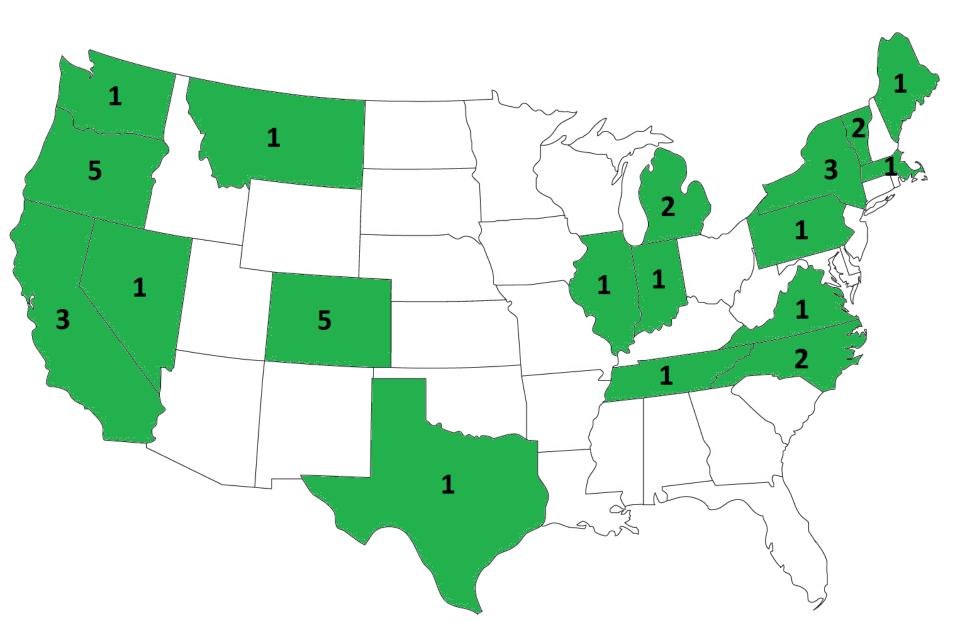
Malt House Type	#	Annual Capacity	Avg Capacity	Avg Batch Size
Sales	18	2,692	150	1.44
Brewery	2	16	8	0.25
Distillery	2	200	100	1.50
Construction	15			



Sillin



Craft Malt House Locations







Craft Malting Capacity

Capacity (tons)	#	Total Capacity	%	Avg Batch Size
< 50	5	131	5%	0.8
50-99	6	348	13%	0.9
100-199	4	488	18%	1.1
>200	3	1725	64%	4.0



Craft Malting - Products

- All offer a base malt
 - Not all base malt is built the same! (more on this later)
- Gluten Free Malt
- Crystal Malt (offered by roughly half)
- Custom malting
- Region specific products











Pilot Malt House

- 1,000sf with initial output of 200-300lbs weekly, now close to 2,000lbs
- Re-Purposed tanks, kiln, grain cleaning equipment
 - Kiln is 'crux' of our organization, completely designed in house
- Michigan Department of Agriculture 'Food Grade Producer' license
- Business idea hatched in summer 2012, licensed in August 2013







Before it was malt...



- Main challenge selling product for the first time
 - Skepticism Can Michigan produce quality barley? Can we produce quality malt? Can you do so with consistency?
 Can you do so at a price point that is competitive?
- Creating an infrastructure to sustain a viable malting barley industry here in Michigan
 - Connecting brewers and growers
 - Finding growers willing to grow malting barley
- Capital requirements
 - Ensuring good germinative energy, requires longer storage
 - Equipment





STATISTICS -

Whitney Farm, Scottville, MI

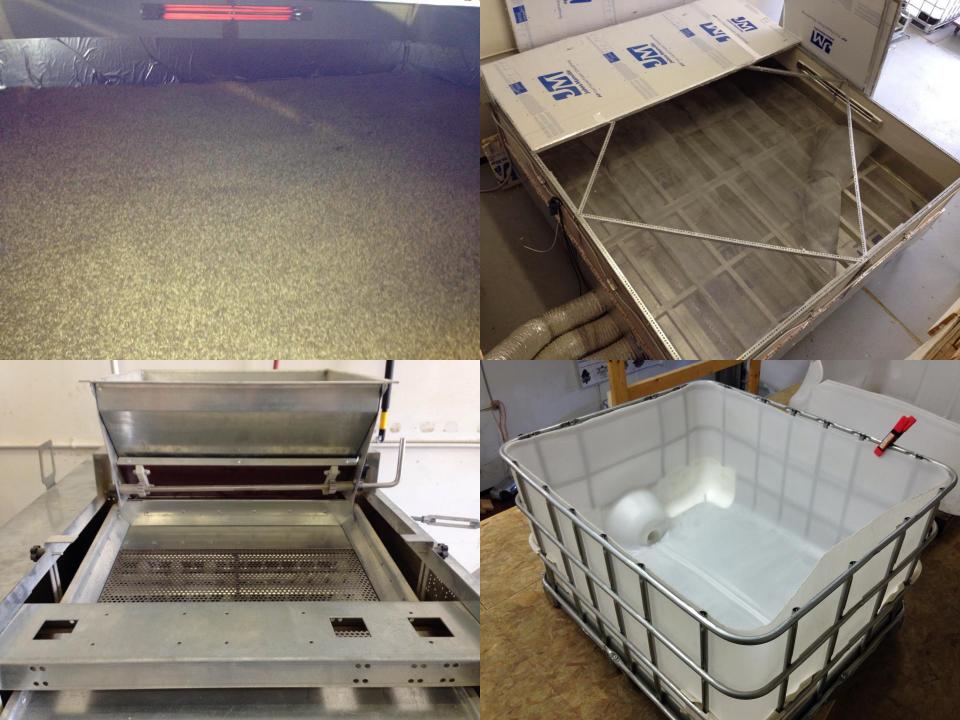


Sourcing the grain

- Extensive work with Michigan State University's Extension Office, among others
- Working with growers has to be collaborative
 - Extensive discussions and education both ways
 - Initial protein levels have been too high (high protein=cloudy beer)
- Challenges
 - Quality grain is imperative for quality malt (Should go without saying!)
 - Changing the mentality of growers, making them care as much as we do











Field to Brewery

- Malting: Get it to want to grow, get it growing, kill it
- Timeline
 - 24 Hour Steep
 - 2-3.5 Day Germination
 - 12-20 Hour Kiln
 - 2-4 Hour cleaning/bagging
 - Rest of the time Cleaning equipment/facility
- In-House Lab
 - With the help of Shorts Brewing Co.
 - Tests done in house: germinative energy, moisture %
 - Eventually: Lovibond, among others





Challenges for a Small Malt House

- Something always has to be done (at least every 8 hours)
- Finding the 'sweet spot:' enough product to sustain us while still being a manageable load
- Quality assurance: germinative energy, germination %, moisture %, etc.
- Capital needed to get to 'next level'
 - Telling our story, 'What is a malt house?'





Why Source Local Malt?

- Local terroir
 - Our 2-row doesn't taste like Briess'
 - We want it to taste like Pilot's 2-row
 - Creates ownership in our 'brand'
- Ability to create relationship with the grower
 - Our growers name is on every bag
- Pilot 'being local' isn't enough to sustain a business
 - Creating the ecosystem to sustain network of growers, maltsters all support brewing community





Craft Malt – Other Notables

- The malt you get will vary based on region
 - CBC Craft Malt Sensory Workshop (more on this next)
 - Climate
 - Barley that grows well in Montana may not grow well in in New England
- Small malt houses can offer more customized products
 - Full lineups of Gluten Free malt
 - Products malted specifically to a brewery's specs









- Conducted at the Craft Brewers
 Conference in April 2014
- 5 SMaSH beers, all using different malt
- Showcase of regional and varietal differences







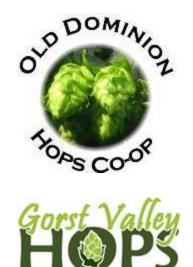
Craft Malt Workshop - CBC

Maltster	Fronterac	Colorado Malting	Riverbend	Valley	Pilot
Type of Malt	Pale Ale (2-Row)	Pale (2-Row)	Pale (6-Row)	Pale (2-Row)	Pale (2-Row)
Location	Quebec	Colorado	North Carolina	Massachusettes	Michigan
Years in Operation	8	5	3	4	1
Moisture (%)	5	3.8	4.8	3	4.2
Color	2.46	3.49	2.25	2.68	N/A
Extract % (FGDB)	82.3	80.4	79.7	81.6	76.8
Alpha Amylase	45	61	42	34	85
Diastatic Power	101	125	116	84	198
Total Protein (%)	9.9	13.1	9.5	9.4	15.4
Soluble Protein (%)	4.46	4.21	3.47	4.25	6.6
S/T Ratio	45.1	32.1	36.5	45.2	42.5
FAN	173	143	125	153	281

Alliances/Co-ops/Associations

- Pooling resources is critical for small operators
- Often necessary to gain economies of scale
 - Packaging
 - Equipment
 - Distribution/Marketing
- Advocacy





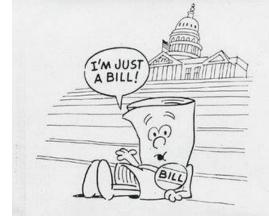








Legislation



- States recognize the benefit to the economy
- Michigan HB 5275: Farm to Glass
 - Tax credits for beer/wine/mead/cider made and sold in MI, if a certain % measures of Michigan grown ingredients were used
- New York Farm Brewery License
 - Issued to breweries who use ingredients grown in NY State.
 - Tax breaks
 - Ability to sell pints at a tasting room w/o an extra permit
 - Ability to open off-site tasting rooms





What about the brewers?

- Survey sent directly to over 100 breweries via email in April 2014
- Link to survey posted to Brewers Association forum in April & May 2014
- 82 total responses
- 8 questions





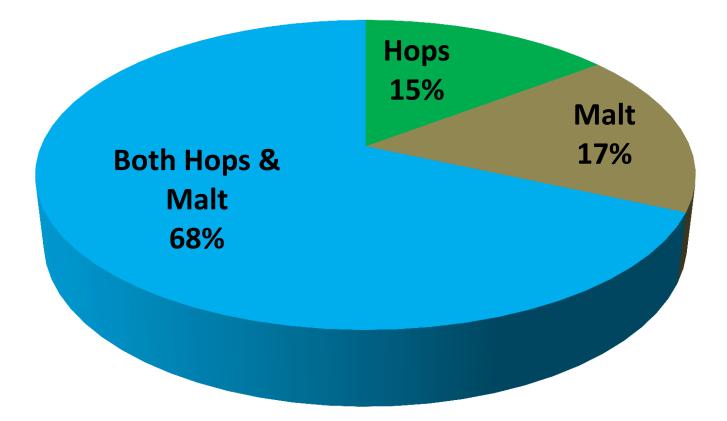
STATE -

Respondent Locations

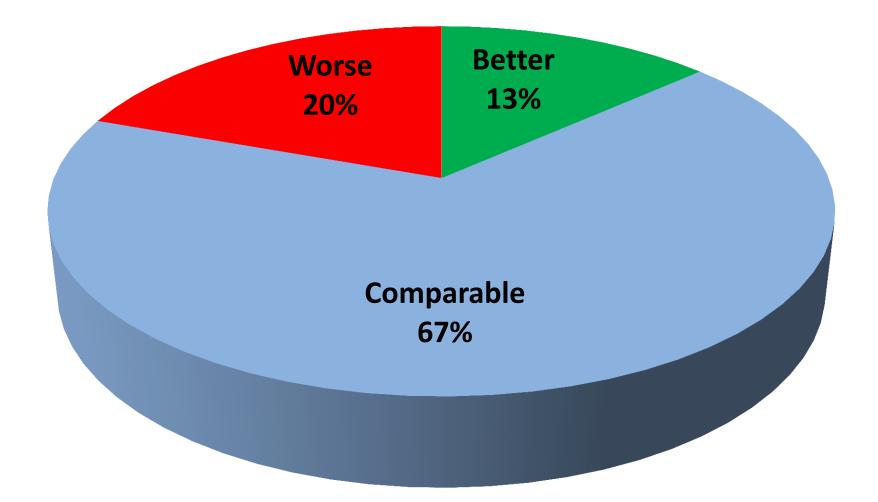
- 28 States represented
- 46% of responses came from MI, CO and NY

STATE	RESPONSES
MI	18
CO	11
NY	9
MA	6
TX	5
CA	4
WI	3
MN, AZ, ID, OR, MD, NC	2
ME, SD, NM, VA, UT, MT, NH, PA, SC, MO, IN, NV, WA, OH	1

Which locally sourced ingredients have you used?



Compared to national/international suppliers, how was the quality of the local ingredients you used (Considering both performance in the brewhouse and the effect on the finished beer)



In which beers do/have you used locally sourced malt and/or hops? (Choose all answers that apply)

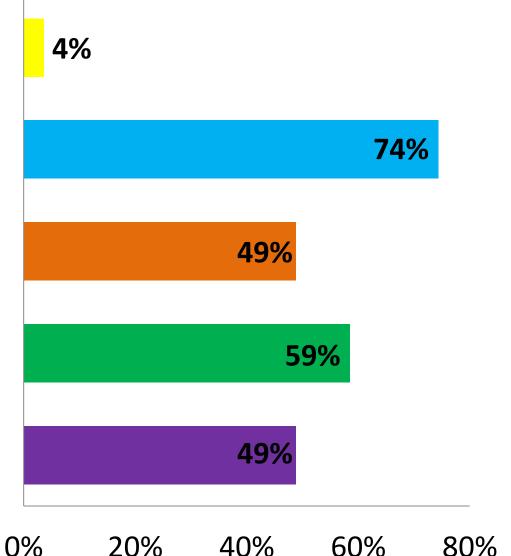
In all our beers

In a small batch or "one-off" beer

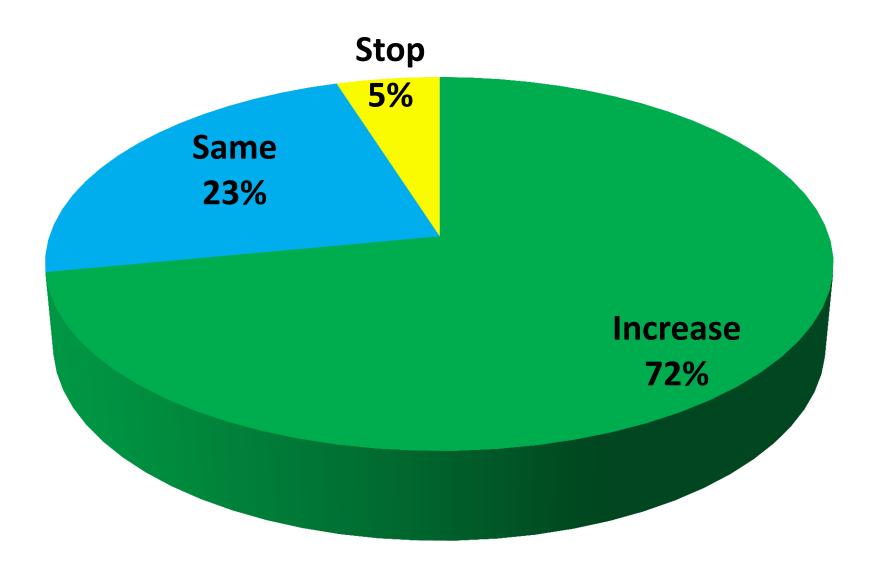
In a "wet hop" or harvest beer

In a season, but annually recurring beer

In a year round beer



How do you anticipate your usage of locally sourced malt and hops will change in the future?



Why did you chose to source local malt and/or hops?

- Help Local Economy/Growers/Businesses
- PR/Marketing/Drive Sales/Branding/Differentiation/Cool Factor
- Unique & Local Flavors/Terroir
- Local Pride/Sense of Place
- Sustainability
- Value Relationship with Maltster/Grower
- Others:
 - Operating a Farm Brewery, Wanted to Brew a Wet Hop Beer, Freshness of Ingredients

What Areas Need Improvement?

- Price
- Consistency/Brewhouse performance
- Quality
- Variety
- Availability
- Access to Lot Information/Analytics
- Availability of Pelletized Hops





Larger Brewers

- Quality and consistency must be high so beers will be repeatable
- Volumes needed often outpace available local supplies
- Local Hops are popular in Wet Hop beers
 - Founders Harvest Ale
 - Surly Wet
 - New Holland Hopivore









Small Brewers

- Needs can be more easily met with current supply
- Increased ability to "pilot" new products
- More room for experimentation
 - Not necessary to meet demands of distribution





Locally Sourced Beers

- Rockford Brewing Company Paradigm MPA
 - Only year round beer in Michigan made with 100% Michigan grown malt and hops
- New Holland Michigan Awesome Hatter
 - Uses Michigan grown malt and hops



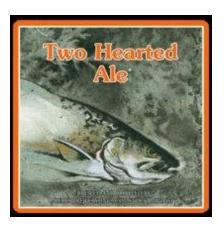






Sense of Place

- Craft Brewers have already pushed localization through marketing
 - Naming and labels









 Is localized sourcing of ingredients an extension of this?







Future Outlook

- How mainstream will craft malt/local hops get?
- Can new hop growing markets help meet industry demand?
- Challenges for Growth
 - Climate can be inherently limiting
 - Heavy investments needed for large scale growth
 - Price, can it equalize with PNW & Europe?





Local Yeast

- Involves some legwork, but not impossible
- Culture it from nature
 - Damaged Fruit
 - Flowers with insect activity
 - Tree Sap
 - Bee Hives
 - Open air traps (lower success rate)
- March/April 2013 Zymurgy Lots of tips









- Small labs are on the forefront
- SouthYeast
 - Isolated more than 100 local cultures
 - Around 1/3 proven out and undergoing trials
 - 8 pure yeast strains and 3 bacteria offered
 - Native Farmhouse strain NHC Final Round
 - Most are close relatives of S.
 Cerevisiae
 - Bank Your Strain program







Other Way to Source Locally

- Native ingredients unique to your region
 - Honey
 - Spruce
 - Etc
- Grow/Malt your own
 - Home hop growing
 - Micro Malting





Where can I buy it?

- Go straight to the source, get to know your local hop farmer or craft malt house
- Local homebrew shops
- Northern Brewer
 - Hop Head Farms
 - Pilot Malt House (soon!)









Takeaways

- Local sourcing is growing, and shows no signs of slowing
- Brewers and consumers care about sourcing local
- Quality, consistency, price are all a work in progress but are improving
- This industry is still very young
- The case for localization
 - Why do you support your local homebrew shop and neighborhood brewpub?





And now for a shameless plug...

